Production Trends and Best Practices for Better Oyster Culture

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Contents

Global technologies of note

State of BC Technology (redux)

Estimate of tray culture best practices

Global Trends

- □ Increase in scale of production
- Standardization of techniques within growing regions
- Increase in mechanization
- Move towards offshore grow-out



Norway - SmartFarm

 Mussel farm equipment for more mechanised farm
 Longlines with suspended nets
 Automated harvesting machines





http://www.smartfarm.no/index2.html

Norway - SmartFarm



- **PE pipe used for buoyancy**
 - □ Less visually intrusive
 - □ Length is farm specific usually 126 m
 - **Easy anchoring and installation**

Norway - SmartFarm

Husbandry and harvesting done in the water

□ No disassembly and reassembly of gear









Scotland – Xplora Mussel Farming Equipment

Double or Single longline floats

- Scotland uses 400
 L floats, Norway
 uses 300 L floats,
 200 L also
 available
- Multiple colours available



http://www.xploraproducts.com/xplora/Xplora%20floats.htm

Scotland – Xplora Mussel Farming Equipment

- Fabricated Steel Construction rafts
- Finish Galvanised Marine Grade
- All floats rotationally moulded then filled with closed cell polyurethane foam
 - □ Wall Thickness 8 mm
 - UV Stabilised Medium Density Polyethylene



http://www.xploraproducts.com/xplora/Xplora%20mussel%20growing%20raft.htm

Spain – Medusa Mussel Raft

Circular raft for deep water mussel grow out
 Has been tested in high wind/wave area



http://www.bateamedusa.com/ http://www.opmega.com/index1.htm http://www.corelsa.com/

Spain – Medusa Mussel Raft

- High density polyethylene for strength and flexibility
- More ergonomic handling
- Even growth around perimeter with no dead spots in the center
- Increased production and reduced growth time
- Central mooring point
- Custom sizing (here shown 34 m diameter, 150 tons production)





Maine/Scotland

- Maine Aquaculture Equipment (MAE) now markets the Scottish mussel rafts and longline system
- > High capacity raft with long life





http://www.kames.co.uk/products/shell.htm

Maine Aquaculture Equipment (MAE)



Maine Aquaculture Equipment (MAE)



Maine Aquaculture Equipment (MAE) Raft ready to tow out to mooring after being constructed on the ramp.



Maine Aquaculture Equipment (MAE)

- rafts are 40 x 40 feet (20 x 20 available)
- Floats are foam filled polyethylene
- hang 400 x 13 m ropes off the rafts,
 - harvest of 1200 bushels (about 72,000 lbs) including predator net perimeter
- Anchored with 1 ton plough anchor
- > Moor 3 rafts in row, 15° to flow
- Designed for semi-exposed sites
 - **Recently withstood 90 knot wind no damage**

BC Culture State of technology

- **Use of rafts and longlines**
- **Tray culture typically with rafts**
- **5** types of trays in service
- Extensive use of FLUPSY seed and Tumblers
- **Best practices not fully established!**



LONGLINE CULTURE

Best for large, more exposed or sites with less current
Use with trays, pipes or strings
Surface or subsurface longlines
Barrels or oyster floats



RAFT CULTURE

• Large amount of production in small area

Best for small or sites with sufficient current
Use with trays, pipes or strings
Two and three foam designs



Rafts

Stable platform
Last 5-10 years
Easy to Build
Large production in small area
Able to withstand some rough condition



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3 – Dimensional Use of Water Column by Oyster Culture Rafts



Graphics Courtesy of John Richardson, Earth-Tec Inc.



Physical and Biological Modelling of Rafts used for Oyster Tray Culture



Graphics Courtesy of John Richardson, Earth-Tec Inc.













Rotary Oyster Tumbler and Grader















Potential Production Values per raft sites

Raft Culture Oysters
@ 20 rafts per hectare
~ 100 – 180 tonnes per hectare per year

Potential Production Values per Rafts Surface Area 8 m²

Tray Culture Oysters

~5000 – 6000 doz sm – med per 1 – 1.5 yr rotation (Hi-Flow/Aqua-Pacific)

~ 8,000 - 10,000 doz Xsmall per 1 – 1.5 yr rotation (Dark – Sea)

 $(\sim 6-9 \text{ tonnes})$



	Cos	sts	Dozens	\$/doz		Ser Der y
Raft	\$	2,000				
Hi Flow or Aquamesh Stacks	\$	6,720				
Total Capital cost	\$	8,720	5600	\$	1.56	Street This III IIII
			_			
Raft	\$	2,000				1.2 Mar I Caralle Car
Hi Flow or Aquamesh Stacks	\$	9,600				
Total Capital cost	\$	11,600	9600	\$	1.21	STOR FAL
	-		-			STARD FROM
Longline (2)	\$	1,440				
Lantern Nets	\$	2,800				
Total Capital cost	\$	4,240	6400	\$	0.66	STATE SUSPECTION
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RECOMMENDATIONS FOR TRAY MANAGEMENT

- Frequency of handling is most important
- Regular handling MUST be adaptive to biological fouling
- Generally, regular handling as effective as tumbling
- Post handling time to return to water important (minimize)
- Tumbling may be done w/out increased mortality/slightly beneficial shell shape characteristics recommend early intervals.
- Starting stock at high densities and reducing densities can be done without decreasing quality characteristics – economic benefits of optimizing trays



Best Practices?

- Start with as large seed as possible
- Load high density and reduce each handling 500>250>125>../layer
- Handle at least every 2 months during growing cycle
- Tumble early cycles handle afterwards
- Extra handling to prevent build-up of fouling
- Production records at each handling
- On-going environmental monitoring



Example Production calculation

Stock trays in August with 5 litres of 400/L = **2000 per tray** Total number of oyster seed: **1,000,000**

Cost of seed: \$30,000

Total Trays (High Flow) = **500** (7 per stack = 71 stacks)

Handle once per month in growing season, every 3 months in winter,

	Trays per				Seed per Total Stock Handling			Handling		Revenue per	
	Trays	stack	Stacks	Rafts	tray	1% mort/mos	cost/tray	Cost	Stock Sold	oyster	Revenue
Sept	500		7 71	0.9	2000	1,000,000	\$1.50	\$750.00			
October	990		7 141	1.8	1000	990,000	\$1.50	\$1,485.00			
January	980		7 140	1.8	1000	980,100	\$1.50	\$1,470.15			
April	1213	•	7 173	2.2	800	970,299	\$1.50	\$8,490.12			
Мау	1537	•	7 220	2.7	625	960,596	\$1.50	\$2,305.43			
June	1902	•	7 272	3.4	500	950,990	\$1.50	\$2,852.97			
July	2354	•	7 336	4.2	400	941,480	\$1.50	\$3,530.55			
Aug	2796	•	7 399	5.0	333	932,065	\$1.50	\$4,194.29			
Sept	3691	•	7 527	6.6	250	922,745	\$1.50	\$5,536.47			
October	4568	•	7 653	8.2	200	913,517	\$1.50	\$6,851.38			
November	4522		7 646	8.1	200	904,382				\$0.20	\$0.00
December	4377	•	7 625	7.8	200	875,338			20,000	\$0.20	\$4,000.00
January	4233	•	7 605	7.6	200	846,585	\$1.50	\$6,349.39	20,000	\$0.20	\$4,000.00
February	3891	•	7 556	6.9	200	778,119			60,000	\$0.20	\$12,000.00
March	3552	•	7 507	6.3	200	710,338			60,000	\$0.20	\$12,000.00
April	3216	•	7 459	5.7	200	643,234	\$1.50	\$4,824.26	60,000	\$0.20	\$12,000.00
Мау	2684	•	7 383	4.8	200	536,802			100,000	\$0.20	\$20,000.00
June	2876	•	7 411	5.1	150	431,434	\$1.50	\$4,314.34	100,000	\$0.25	\$25,000.00
July	2047	•	7 292	3.7	150	307,120			120,000	\$0.25	\$30,000.00
August	1227	•	7 175	2.2	150	184,049	\$1.50	\$1,840.49	120,000	\$0.25	\$30,000.00
Sept	415	•	7 59	0.7	150	62,208			120,000	\$0.25	\$30,000.00
October	0		7 0	0.0	150	0			62,208	\$0.25	\$15,552.02
Harvest Cos Seed Cost	st of 15%							\$54,794.83 \$31,950.00 \$30,000.00			\$194,552.02
Total Expen	ses:						-	\$116,744.83	•	Balance	\$77,807.19
										-	



Initial Loading







